

Департамент образования Вологодской области  
БПОУ ВО «Вологодский аграрно-экономический колледж»

Методические рекомендации  
по организации и выполнению самостоятельной работы  
для студентов I курса специальности  
36. 02. 01 Ветеринария  
по дисциплине  
**ИНОСТРАННЫЙ ЯЗЫК (АНГЛИЙСКИЙ)**

Вологда, 2020

РАССМОТРЕНО  
на заседании комиссии  
общеобразовательных и гуманитар-  
ных дисциплин  
Протокол №1  
от 31.08.2020г.  
Председатель комиссии



И.С. Вязанкина

ОДОБРЕНО  
и рекомендовано для  
внутреннего использования  
научно-методическим  
Советом колледжа  
Протокол № 1 от 10.09.2020 г.  
Председатель НМС



Е.В. Вихарева

Авторы: Пиявкина Г.К. – преподаватель иностранных языков БПОУ ВО  
«Вологодский аграрно-экономический колледж»

## Оглавление

Пояснительная записка.....	4
Самостоятельная работа студентов.....	5
Самостоятельная работа № 1 .....	6
Самостоятельная работа № 2 .....	9
Самостоятельная работа № 3 .....	12
Самостоятельная работа №4 .....	15
Самостоятельная работа № 5 .....	18
Самостоятельная работа № 6 .....	20
Самостоятельная работа № 7 .....	23
Самостоятельная работа № 8 .....	27
Самостоятельная работа № 9 .....	29
Самостоятельная работа № 10 .....	33
Приложение 1 .....	36
Список литературы .....	<b>Ошибка! Закладка не определена.</b>

### **Пояснительная записка**

Методические указания по выполнению внеаудиторной самостоятельной работы по учебной дисциплине Иностранный язык (английский) предназначены для студентов очной формы первого года обучения специальности 36. 02. 01 Ветеринария.

Выполнение внеаудиторной самостоятельной работы является обязательной для каждого студента, её объём в часах определяется действующим рабочим учебным планом БПОУ ВО «Вологодский аграрно-экономический колледж».

Количество аудиторных часов на первом курсе -117 часов, самостоятельная работа – 56 часов. Каждой самостоятельной работе соответствует определенное количество часов.

Самостоятельная внеаудиторная работа по иностранному языку проводится с целью:

- систематизации и закрепления полученных теоретических знаний студентов;
- углубления и расширения теоретических знаний;
- развития познавательных способностей и активности студентов, самостоятельности, ответственности и организованности;
- формирования самостоятельности мышления, способностей к саморазвитию, самосовершенствованию и самореализации.

Внеаудиторная самостоятельная работа выполняется студентом по заданию преподавателя, но без его непосредственного участия.

**Самостоятельная работа студентов**

№ п/п	Название темы	Количество часов	Форма задания
1.	Раздел 1. Я, моя семья, условия жизни	4	Выполнение лексико-грамматических заданий, заданий на чтение, написание личного письма.
2.	Раздел 1. Я, моя семья, условия жизни	4	Выполнение лексико-грамматических заданий, заданий на чтение, написание личного письма.
3.	Раздел 2. Навыки общественной жизни	6	Выполнение лексико-грамматических заданий, заданий на чтение, написание личного письма.
4.	Раздел 2. Навыки общественной жизни	6	Выполнение лексико-грамматических заданий, заданий на чтение, написание личного письма.
5.	Раздел 2. Навыки общественной жизни	6	Выполнение лексико-грамматических заданий, заданий на чтение, написание личного письма.
6.	Раздел 3. Культурные и национальные традиции. Краеведение, обычаи, праздники	6	Выполнение лексико-грамматических заданий, заданий на чтение, написание личного письма.
7.	Раздел 4. Социальные и производственные отношения	6	Выполнение лексико-грамматических заданий, заданий на чтение, написание личного письма.
8.	Раздел 5. Искусство, музыка, литература. Образование	6	Выполнение лексико-грамматических заданий, заданий на чтение, написание личного письма.
9.	Раздел 5. Искусство, музыка, литература. Образование	6	Выполнение лексико-грамматических заданий, заданий на чтение, написание личного письма.
10.	Раздел 5. Искусство, музыка, литература. Образование	6	Выполнение лексико-грамматических заданий, заданий на чтение, написание личного письма.
	ВСЕГО:	56 часов	

**Самостоятельная работа № 1**  
**Раздел 1. Я, моя семья, условия жизни.**

**Чтение**

**Задание 1.** Установите соответствие рубрик 1-6 текстам А–Е. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз**. В задании **одна рубрика лишняя**.

1. History
2. Money
3. Statistics
4. Geography
5. Sightseeing
6. Jobs

**A.** *Mosfilm* is the centre of the Russian film industry. It is as famous as Hollywood in the USA or Bollywood in India. Tours to the studio have become increasingly popular with tourists, as they allow to view Mosfilm's enormous depot with 170 tanks and 50 vintage cars. Tour guides say that everyone hopes to see a famous actor or an actress when they are on an excursion there.

**B.** January 30, 1924 is considered the birthday of *Mosfilm* studio. On this day the first film produced by *Mosfilm* was released. It was *On the Wings Skyward* directed by Boris Mikhin. During the Great Patriotic War, the film studio personnel moved to Alma-Ata but continued working. All in all, *Mosfilm* has produced about 3,000 feature films.

**C.** It takes a lot of different people to make a good film. A screen writer writes the script of the future film. Then a producer finds enough money to make this film and a film director chooses actors and actresses to play in this film. You also need people for costumes and make-up. Film-making is becoming more and more complex and requires a lot of IT specialists and technical staff.

**D.** Robert Downey once held the title of highest-paid actor in Hollywood, and now he is only the sixth on the list. Mark Wahlberg made more than any actor in the world this year. He earned huge sums from his two films, "Daddy's Home" and "Transformers: The Last Knight". He also earned some cash for appearing in his family's reality show "Wahlburgers".

**E.** According to a recent survey, 13 percent of Americans go to the movies about once a month, 7 percent go see movies in the movie theater several times a month, and 31 percent go less than once a year. It is interesting that 52 percent of American adults prefer watching movies at home. The U.S. is the third largest film market in the world, only behind China and India.

**Лексика и грамматика**

**Задание 2.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, так, чтобы

они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

<b>A kind man</b> Jack, a truck driver, was driving 100 penguins to the New York Zoo. On the freeway his truck suddenly _____ down.	BREAK
Jack got out of the car. He _____ at the engine when another truck stopped by.	LOOK
The second truck driver, Peter, asked if _____ colleague needed any help.	HE
Jack explained that he was taking the penguins to the zoo and asked if Peter could take the penguins to the zoo. Peter agreed. Some hours _____, Peter drove past Jack, who was still waiting on the freeway for help to come.	LATE
The penguins, however, _____ still in the truck!	BE
“I thought I asked you to take _____ penguins to the zoo,” shouted Jack. Peter replied, “I did, but I had some money left, so we’re going to the cinema now.”	THAT

**Задание 3.** Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски **1 -6** словами, напечатанными в правой колонке под цифрами **1–8**.

**Gorky Park**

<p>Gorky Park is a bright spot on the entertainment map of modern Moscow. It is one of the most interesting places to <b>1)</b> _____ your leisure time. There are bike rental stations, a <b>2)</b> _____ business area with Wi-Fi, and an outdoor movie theatre in Gorky Park.</p> <p>There are also several different sports options in the indoor sports centre or on the park’s grounds: you can <b>3)</b> _____ volleyball, handball, football and hockey or go jogging, or cycling around the park. If you find that you are hungry, you can stop and <b>4)</b> _____ a tasty break at one of Gorky Park’s many caf��s. Many <b>5)</b> _____ events such as exhibitions, Christmas and Easter fairs, concerts, theatre shows and environmental and charity events take place in Gorky Park. These events have become very <b>6)</b> _____ among Moscow citizens.</p>	<div>1. comfortable</div> <div>2. cultural</div> <div>3. keep</div> <div>4. play</div> <div>5. popular</div> <div>6. see</div> <div>7. spend</div> <div>8. take</div>
---	---

**Письмо**

**Задание 4.** You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend David who writes:

...At school we are doing projects about types of families in different countries. How does a typical Russian family look like? Do you have a lot of relatives? How does your family spend time together? You will help me a lot if you could tell me about the lifestyle in Russia. By the way, my elder brother got married last month...

Write a letter to David. In your letter:

- answer his questions
- ask 3 questions about his brother's wife

Write 100–140 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.



**Самостоятельная работа № 2**

**Задание 1.** Установите соответствие между текстами А–Е и рубриками 1–6. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз**. В задании одна рубрика лишняя.

- 1. Jobs
- 2. Food
- 3. Transport
- 4. Free time
- 5. Education
- 6. History

A. A full course of study at the Russian school takes 11 years. It aims to develop the abilities that will allow a student to adapt to life in society as well as to choose their future profession. Every school teaches academic subjects such as literature, the Russian language, history, maths and sciences. In addition, there are specialized schools concentrating on specific subjects.

B. Many young people all over the world want to be flight attendants. This career path has a huge amount of benefits. For example, flight attendants are able to fly around the world, explore new places and get to meet new cultures. This profession broadens your horizons and improves your communicating skills. Despite some drawbacks, the advantages outweigh everything.

C. The first recorded use of standardized dress in education was in England in 1222. However, the origin of the modern school uniform can be traced to the 16th century England, when the children attending the Christ’s Hospital boarding school wore blue cloaks along with yellow stockings. In later centuries, school uniforms became associated with the upper class.

D. It is easy to come to Russia. You can fly to Moscow and St. Petersburg from most major international airports. However, if there isn’t a direct flight to other Russian cities from your closest airport, you can usually take a connecting flight. There are a lot of modern and comfortable airports in Russia. Most airlines serve a nice dinner to make your flight enjoyable.

E. Many airlines offer food to their passengers depending upon the class of travel. Food may be served on one tray or in multiple courses with no tray. Often the dishes are reflective of the culture of the country the airline is based in. An airline dinner typically includes meat (most commonly chicken or beef), fish or pasta, a salad or a vegetable, and a dessert.

**Задание 2.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

**Spaghetti**

Spaghetti,	pasta,	noodles,	macaroni	...	It	KNOW
------------	--------	----------	----------	-----	----	------

_____ by different names in different countries, but it is equally popular all over the world.	
However, nobody knows _____ origin.	IT
The popular story, of course, is that Marco Polo _____ pasta back from his trips to China sometime around 1295.	BRING
However, Italian records from a decade earlier indicate that pasta was a favourite dish of the Romans, years before Marco’s return. This _____ that pasta had been invented in Italy before it became a popular dish in China. The opposite is probably true: at least 3,000 years ago, the Chinese were making pasta out of bean and rice flour. But Italy likely developed the dish without any help from China.	NOT MEAN
Early Spanish settlers were among the _____ to bring pasta to America.	ONE
It gained popularity thanks to Thomas Jefferson who _____ macaroni during his stay in Paris in 1784–1789.	EAT

**Задание 3.** Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски 1 -6 словами, напечатанными в правой колонке под цифрами 1–8. Каждое из этих слов может быть использовано только один раз. В ответе укажите **цифры**, под которыми значатся выбранные Вами слова. Два слова в этом списке 1–8 лишние.

**Lena Stone Pillars**

Lena Pillars is a long chain of steep high rocks which are like columns or pillars. They are located on the 1) _____ bank of the Lena River in Russia. The river serves as a mirror for the pillars. They look twice as 2) _____ and majestic because of the reflection in the water. At sunrise the 3) _____ of the pillars is especially amazing! It wasn’t always possible to 4) _____ this beauty close. In the past the 5) _____ was thought to be sacred. Ordinary people were afraid to come there. It was believed that these rocks were frozen statues of people created by the unknown powers. So, only the elders and shamans had the right to approach these mysterious rocks. The natural beauty of the place impresses everyone! Many people like to 6) _____ their holidays there.	1. enjoy 2. house 3. large 4. place 5. right 6. spend 7. view 8. wrong
---	---

**Письмо**

**Задание 4.** You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend who writes:

...We moved to a new house a few weeks ago and I'm very happy. Our new flat is rather large and cosy. By the way, how many rooms are there in your flat? What modern conveniences do you have in your flat? What colour are the walls in your room? Why? Besides, I had to change school. At first I was a bit afraid but I made new friends sooner than I expected. The teachers are nice and everything seems to be working out well. I've got to go now! Drop me a line when you can.

Lots of love, Emily

Write a letter to Emily. In your letter:

- answer her questions
- ask 3 questions about her new school
- Write 100–140 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

**Самостоятельная работа № 3**  
**Тема: Навыки общественной жизни**

**Чтение**

**Задание 1.** Установите соответствие между текстами А–Е и рубриками 1–6. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании одна рубрика лишняя.

1. Celebrations
2. Food
3. Travel guide
4. Geography
5. Advice
6. History of fashion

A. As the world's biggest country, everything about Russia seems larger than life. The country covers more than one eighth of the Earth's inhabited land area and spans nine time zones –creating a diverse range of environments, people, and culture. Russia also has the world's largest reserves of mineral and energy resources and its lakes contain about one quarter of the world's fresh water.

B. Levi is one of the most popular ski resorts in Finland, which provides great facilities for an active holiday in winter. The winter season is the best time to enjoy the frosty sceneries because snow is almost always guaranteed. Don't also forget the many events that are organized in Levi! The biggest winter event, the Alpine Skiing World Cup, is famous for its international atmosphere.

C. Jeans, invented by Jacob Davis and Levi Strauss in 1873, were working clothes at first. They were made from durable materials and could last long. Men's jeans had the zipper down the front, while women's jeans had the zipper on the left side and both were designed to fit loosely and in form of overalls. With time jeans were changing looks but never got out of style.

D. Bread cheese is a typical dessert from Northern Finland. Made out of cow milk, bread cheese has a very unique texture. In the old days, this dish was so appreciated that it was given as a salary to people working in the fields during the summer harvest. Now this dessert is served with sour berries, and it goes really well with coffee. It is a must try for all dessert fans!

E. In Russia, March is the time for the Maslenitsa Festival. This festival celebrates the end of the cold and the start of warmth, of hope, and of growth. It is considered one of the most traditional holidays of the year, so people, especially children, like to wear traditional costumes. Usually it is a dress which contains many layers. The most traditional colour is red.

**Лексика и грамматика**

**Задание 2.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

TENNIS	
Some people believe that the name “tennis” comes from the ancient Egyptian town of Tinnis alongside the Nile and the word racquet evolved from the Arabic word for palm of the hand, rahat. Aside from _____ two words, there is no evidence for any form of tennis preceding the year 1000.	THIS
Most historians credit the origins of the game to 11 <sup>th</sup> or 12 <sup>th</sup> century French monks, who began playing a ball against _____ monastery walls.	THEY
Many specialists think that the word “tennis” _____ from the French word “tenez”. “Tenez” means in French something like “take this,” a phrase one player would say to the other.	FORM
Time passed and the game _____ more popular.	BECOME
In _____ years, courtyard playing areas changed into indoor courts.	LATE
In 1874, Major Walter C. Wingfield patented in London the equipment and rules for a game similar to modern tennis. In the same year, the _____ tennis courts appeared in the United States.	ONE

**Задание 3.** Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски 1 -6 словами, напечатанными в правой колонке под цифрами 1–8. Каждое из этих слов может быть использовано только один раз. В ответе укажите цифры, под которыми значатся выбранные Вами слова. Два слова в этом списке 1–8 лишние.

The Bolshoi Theatre	
The Bolshoi Theatre is one of the most iconic symbols of Russian culture. It is one of the greatest and most 1 _____ opera and ballet theatres with its own 2 _____ and unforgettable atmosphere. It is one of the 3 _____ treasures of Russia. The main building of the theater, rebuilt and renovated several times during its 4 _____, is a landmark of Moscow and Russia. By the end of the 19th century the Bolshoi’s opera and ballet productions were influencing the performing arts in Europe. Today the Bolshoi artists successfully perform all over the 5 _____. They establish partnerships with the largest theatres in Italy, France, England and many other 6 _____. Each season the	1. countries 2. cultural 3. famous 4. history 5. natural 6. traditions 7. world 8. peace

theater introduces from two to four new ballet or opera productions.	
--	--

### Письмо

**Задание 4.** This is part of a letter from Jane, your English pen-friend.

...My home town is rather small but I like it. The people here are very friendly and they try and keep our town clean and beautiful. And do you enjoy living in a big city? How do you spend your spare time there? Anyway, I'm thinking of travelling around Russia next summer. Could you tell me what weather to expect? Should I take warm clothes with me?

Write a letter to Jane. In your letter

- answer her questions
- ask 3 questions about her home town

#### Самостоятельная работа №4

**Тема: Навыки общественной жизни**

**Задание 1. Установите соответствие между текстами А–Е и рубриками 1–6. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании одна рубрика лишняя.**

1. Weather
2. Advice
3. Famous people
4. Hobbies
5. Geography
6. History

A. There are a few reasons why one should go to Russia during the winter: it's easier to get tickets to the top ballets and operas, and there are no crowds at other tourist attractions. Those visiting in winter should take along their warmest clothes: It's bitterly cold (Moscow is as far north as southern Alaska) and quite dry. We recommend a long warm coat –the best you can afford.

B. Jamie Oliver is a genius in the world of food. He is one of the world's best-loved television personalities. Jamie has inspired millions of people to spend more time enjoying being in the kitchen – and even start growing their own food! His programs have now been broadcast in over 50 countries, delivering delicious Jamie Oliver recipes to his fans.

C. London is famous for one of the mildest climates in the UK. However, Londoners are used to carrying both an umbrella and sunglasses to be prepared for any situation! The number of rainy days there is fairly consistent throughout the year, with between 11 and 15 rainy days every month. Overall rainfall is highest in November and August and is lowest in March and April.

D. One of the best things about cooking is that there are lots of different things you can do. There are so many different areas you can go into. If you want, you can take up baking and cake decorating. You can try your hand at creating dishes from specific countries; there are so many national cuisines. One thing's for certain; you won't get bored quickly.

E. Russians have always eaten vegetables, such as turnips, cabbage, radish, and cucumbers. Since the 18th century, the potato began to play an ever more important role as one of the most loved ingredients in Russian dishes. At the beginning of the 19th century, Russian cooks started serving food with sauces in the manner that French cuisine had long been famous for.

#### Лексика и грамматика

**Задание 2.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, так,

чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

Mark Twain

1. His real name was Samuel Langhorne Clemens. However, he is _____ known by his pen name, Mark Twain.	WELL
2. Born in Florida, Missouri, on November 30, 1835, he _____ up in a small sleepy town on the western bank of the Mississippi River.	BRING
3. In 1847 Sam’s father died and he had to go to work at the age of 12 as a printer’s apprentice. _____ he worked as a printer, a steamboat pilot, a silver miner and then he started writing humorous sketches.	LATE
4. Nevada’s leading newspaper printed several of his sketches and finally offered _____ a job as an editor.	HE
5. In 1863, he took the name Mark Twain. By doing it, Sam Clemens _____ a new personality, a famous writer.	BE-COME
6. His life was not easy but he was a man who rose above tragedy to carry on. The stories he wrote still delight millions of _____ and adults around the world.	CHILD

**Задание 3.** Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски 13–18 словами, напечатанными в правой колонке под цифрами 1–8. Каждое из этих слов может быть использовано только один раз. В ответе укажите цифры, под которыми значатся выбранные Вами слова. Два слова в этом списке 1–8 лишние.

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>LAKE BAIKAL</b></p> <p>Lake Baikal is the world’s oldest and deepest freshwater lake. It is surrounded by rocky mountains, the tops of which are covered with <b>1</b> _____. Its water is so <b>2</b> _____ that any object can be seen well at the depth of 40 meters. It contains more water than the Great lakes in North America. The <b>3</b> _____ of Baikal’s water is close to that of the sea. It is similar dark blue or blue green. In winter this lake is almost completely covered in ice. By the end of winter the ice is 1 metre thick. Two-thirds of its 1,700 species of plants and animals don’t <b>4</b> _____ anywhere else in the world. The Baikal is one of the most beautiful lakes of the planet and one of the few that is still growing. Lake Baikal is a <b>5</b> _____ tourist attraction. Millions of people come to <b>6</b> _____ their vacations there.</p>	<p>1. clear 2. colour 3. dark 4. enjoy 5. exist 6. popular 7. see 8. snow</p>
---	---

Письмо

**Задание 4.** You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend Susie who writes:

...We’re doing a project this month at school on eating habits and customs around the world. Will you be able to help me by telling me what the traditional



meals are in your country? What do people typically eat and at what time of day?  
What are your favourite dishes? As for me, I'm thinking of going on a diet as I feel  
I'm too fat... Thanks very much!

Write a letter to Susie. In your letter

- answer her questions
- ask 3 questions about her new diet.

## Самостоятельная работа № 5

### Тема: Навыки общественной жизни

**Задание 1.** Установите соответствие между текстами А–Е и рубриками 1–6. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании одна рубрика лишняя.

1. Celebrations
2. Food
3. Travelling
4. Geography
5. Animal facts
6. Weather

A. Russia consists of several continental zones. For example, in the north winters are long and harsh, in some places there is lots of snow fall and temperatures fall below –40 degrees Celsius. These winters are normal, not only in the northern regions of the country but even in the Far East. Summers in these areas don't even see three warm months out of the year.

B. Choose the incredible New Year tours to cold Lapland, which are the perfect combination of comfort and adventure. They are ideal for those who may be new to husky sledding or winter holidays. You will enjoy the beauty of Lapland as you drive your own dog sled team through landscapes including huge mountains, mysterious forests, deserted tundra and frozen lakes.

C. You may not know this, but Finland has a very interesting diversity of local dishes. Fish and meat are important ingredients in some areas, and oats, berries, and milk are common in other regions. An iconic Finnish dish visitors should try, especially in the summer, is “grillimakkara”, which are large grilled sausages eaten with mustard. They are delicious.

D. The New Year is one of the most important holidays on the Russian calendar. New Year in Russia is a time for being together with family and friends, for gift giving, decorating the New Year tree, and watching and setting off fireworks. Midnight is, by tradition, marked by listening to the Russian Federation President's greeting and Kremlin bells chime.

E. The Siberian Husky is a beautiful dog with a thick coat that comes in a multitude of colours and markings. Their blue or multi-coloured eyes add to the appeal of this breed, which originated in Siberia. It is easy to see why many people are enchanted by the Husky, but be aware that this athletic, intelligent dog can be independent and challenging for first-time dog owners.

### Лексика и грамматика

**Задание 2.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Abraham Lincoln</b></p> <p>Of all the presidents in the history of the United States, Abraham Lincoln is probably the one that Americans remember with the deepest affection.</p> <p>Abraham Lincoln was born on February 12, 1809, in a one room cabin. He proved that an ordinary man could become the president of the country. He _____ “honest Abe”.</p>	CALL
<p>As a child he had to help his father with the heavy daily tasks of a farmer but he always _____ time to read. He was really a self-made man.</p>	FIND
<p>Lincoln _____ rich.</p>	NOT BE
<p>In fact, he was very poor when he was courting Mary Todd as a young man. He proposed after a year and _____ family did not approve.</p>	SHE
<p>He married Mary Todd much _____.</p>	LATE
<p>In 1834 he _____ into the House of Representatives.</p>	ELECT

**Задание 3.** Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски **1- 6** словами, напечатанными в правой колонке под цифрами **1–8**. **Каждое из этих слов может быть использовано только один раз.** В ответе укажите **цифры**, под которыми значатся выбранные Вами слова. **Два слова в этом списке 1–8 лишние.**

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>The Summer Garden</b></p> <p>The Summer Garden in St. Petersburg was personally designed by Peter the Great in 1704. It is home to marble statues acquired from Europe especially for Russia's new capital. It was a <b>1</b> _____ place for courtly life outside the palace, and balls were held here by the nobility. Russian aristocrats also <b>2</b> _____ simply walking in the Garden. In 1777 the Summer Garden was severely damaged by flooding: several statues were destroyed and fountains broken. The surviving statues were moved indoors, while modern replicas <b>3</b> _____ their place in the park. A major park <b>4</b> _____ was the fountains, the oldest in Russia. The park was chosen by Alexander Pushkin as a setting for childhood walks of the fictional <b>5</b> _____ Eugene Onegin. The Summer Garden Park remains one of the most <b>6</b> _____ places in St Petersburg.</p>	<div>1. attraction</div> <div>2. chapter</div> <div>3. character</div> <div>4. discussed</div> <div>5. enjoyed</div> <div>6. romantic</div> <div>7. took</div> <div>8.traditional</div>
--	---

**Задание 4.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

<b>California</b>	
Nicknamed the “_____ State”, California is the third largest state in area after Alaska and Texas.	GOLD

The _____ of gold and the immigration in 1849 of thousands of gold diggers helped California's admittance into the Union in 1850.	DISCOVER
Today, California, land of _____ redwoods, has the highest population of any state in the country.	MARVEL
It is also America's main _____ state which is especially known for its avocados and grapes.	AGRICUL- TURE
It is also the home of Hollywood, the center of America's movie _____.	BUSY
However, not everyone wants to move to California. In recent years forest fires, floodings and earthquakes have left thousands of people _____.	HOME

### Письмо

**Задание 5.** You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend Jack who writes:

...Last month I earned some extra money mowing the lawns for our neighbors. Together with my pocket money I have enough to buy something like a smartphone. What would you suggest buying and why? Where can a teenager earn pocket money in Russia, if at all? How much money do your parents give you as pocket money per week? As for the latest news, I have just joined a sport club...

Write a letter to Jack. In your letter:

- answer his questions;
- ask 3 questions about his sport club
- Write 100–140 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

### Самостоятельная работа № 6

**Тема: Культурные и национальные традиции. Краеведение, обычаи, праздники**

#### Чтение

**Задание 1.** Установите соответствие тем 1 — 8 текстам А — Г. Запишите свои ответы в соответствующее поле справа. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.

1. A taste of everything
2. Shop till you drop
3. City's tourist attractions
4. Ancient traditions live on
5. Activities for the adventurous and hardy
6. On the crossroads of religions
7. For the body, mind and soul
8. From the high peaks to the deep seas.

A. Today Jakarta has much to offer, ranging from museums, art and antique markets, first class shopping to accommodations and a wide variety of cultural activities. Jakarta's most famous landmark, the National Monument or Monas is a 137m obelisk topped with a flame sculpture coated with 35 kg of gold. Among other places one can mention the National museum that holds an extensive collection of ethnographic artifacts and relics, the Maritime Museum that exhibits Indonesia's seafaring traditions, including models of sea going vessels.

B. Sumatra is a paradise for nature lovers, its national parks are the largest in the world, home to a variety of monkeys, tigers and elephants. Facing the open sea, the western coastline of Sumatra and the waters surrounding Nias Island have big waves that make them one of the best surfer's beaches in Indonesia. There are beautiful coral reefs that are ideal for diving. For those who prefer night dives, the waters of Riau Archipelago offer a rewarding experience with marine scavengers of the dark waters.

C. Various establishments offer professional pampering service with floral baths, body scrubs, aromatic oils, massages and meditation; rituals and treatments that use spices and aromatic herbs to promote physical and mental wellness. Various spa hotels are extremely popular. Indonesians believe that when treating the body you cure the mind.

D. Jakarta has a distinctly cosmopolitan flavor. Tantalize your taste buds with a gastronomic spree around the city's many eateries. Like French gourmet dining, exotic Asian cuisine, American fast food, stylish cafes, restaurants all compete to find a way into your heart through your stomach. The taste of Indonesia's many cultures can be found in almost any corner of the city: hot and spicy food from West Sumatra, sweet tastes of Dental Java, the tangy fish dishes of North Sulawesi.

E. In the face of constant exposure to modernization and foreign influences, the native people still faithfully cling to their culture and rituals. The pre-Hindu Bali Aga tribe still maintains their own traditions of architecture, pagan religion, dance and music, such as unique rituals of dances and gladiator-like battles between youths. On the island of Siberut native tribes have retained their Neolithic hunter-gathering culture.

F. Whether you are a serious spender or half hearted shopper, there is sure to be something for everybody in Jakarta. Catering to diverse tastes and pockets, the wide variety of things you can buy in Jakarta is mind boggling from the best of local handicrafts to haute couture labels. Modern super and hyper markets, multi-level shopping centers, retail and specialty shops, sell quality goods at a competitive price. Sidewalk bargains range from tropical blooms of vivid colors and scents in attractive bouquets to luscious fruits of the seasons.

G. The land's long and rich history can't be separated from the influence of Hinduism, Buddhism, Islam and Christianity. There is one of the oldest Hindu temples in

Java, the majestic Buddhist 'monastery on the hill', Borobudur, the largest Buddhist monument in the world. About 17 km away from this monastery is a 9th century temple complex built by the San jay a dynasty. Prambanan complex is dedicated to the Hindu trinity: Ciwa, Vishnu and Brahma. The spread of Islam also left interesting monuments such as the 15th century Minaret Mosque in Kudus.

Лексика и грамматика

**Задание 2.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

A Smart Boy

Mr. Jones and Mr. Brown worked in the same office. One day Mr. Jones said, _____ pleasantly to Mr. Brown: “We are going to have a small party next Monday evening. Will you and your wife come?”	SMILE
“That’s very kind of you. We are free that evening, I think. But I _____ my wife and ask her”.	CALL
Mr. Brown _____ into the other room and telephoned.	GO
He _____ very much by his telephone conversation.	SURPRISE
When he came back Mr. Jones asked him, “_____ (you) to your wife already?”	SPEAK
“No, she _____ there when I phoned. My small son answered the phone. I asked him, “Is your mother there?” And he said, “She is somewhere outside”.	NOT BE
“Why is she outside?” I asked. “She _____ for me”, he answered.	LOOK

**Задание 3.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

<p><b>Victoria Falls</b></p> <p>Before you even see the falls, you hear and feel them. As you walk along the trail to the entrance, the sound of rumbling water sounds in the background and _____ your face is hit with a breeze of humidity and mist.</p>	SUDDEN
<p>At 2 km wide and 100 m tall, Victoria Falls is the world’s largest curtain of falling water, and is twice the width and height</p>	VOLCANO

of Niagara Falls. Victoria Falls was formed from intense _____ activity almost 200 million years ago.	
As you approach Victoria Falls from the nearby town of Livingstone, you first have to pass a larger-than-life statue of Livingstone, one of the most _____ explorers.	FAME
“Livingstone was the first _____ to see Victoria Falls and then spread the word about them,” said Dr. Lawrence.	EUROPE
“Part of the reason the news of great waterfalls in central Africa was so _____ in the middle of the 19th century was that many people thought that the centre of the continent was a desert,” he added.	EXCITE
Dr. Lawrence is a lecturer at Scotland’s University of Edinburgh who specialises in the history of science and _____ in Africa.	EXPLORE

**Письмо**

**Задание 4. You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend Nancy who writes:**

... I hope you liked my New Year card. Where and how did you celebrate New Year this time? What was the weather like? What’s your secret wish or at least hopes and expectations for the coming year? I bought new shoes two days ago, but now I think I should take them back to the store ..

Write a letter to Nancy. In your letter

- answer her questions
- ask 3 questions about her new shoes. Write 100–140 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

**Самостоятельная работа № 7**

**Чтение**

**Задание 1.** Установите соответствие тем 1 — 8 текстам А — G. Занесите свои ответы в соответствующее поле справа. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.

- 1. Party dessert
- 2. Outdoor game
- 3. Taking care of a pet
- 4. Collecting things
- 5. Giving a party
- 6. Party animals
- 7. Fun on the way
- 8. Party game

**A.** Ask your parents for permission to have a party. Decide what kind of party you want and whether it will be held indoors or outdoors. Send written invitations to your friends. Tell them what kind of party you are having, at what time, where, and whether or not the guests should wear costumes. Make a list of games you would like to play. Ask your mother to help you prepare refreshments. Ice cream, cake, cookies, and lemonade are good for any party.

**B.** This activity makes everybody laugh. Have the guests sit around the room. Choose one person to be a pussycat. The pussy must go over to a guest and do his/her best to make the guest laugh. He/she can make funny meows and walk around like a cat. The pussy goes from one guest to another until someone laughs. The first one to laugh becomes the new pussy.

**C.** It's easy to make a cake from a cake mix that you get from the grocery store. You usually add only water or milk. Cake mixes come in many flavours, such as chocolate, lemon, banana, vanilla and others. When you make a cake from a mix, always follow the directions on the package carefully. Then you can be sure that your cake will turn out right and your guests will enjoy it. Many mixes have a small envelope of powdered frosting hidden inside the flour.

**D.** As you ride on a bus with your friends, get someone to start singing. Everyone joins in. At the first crossroad, another person starts a different song, and everyone joins in. Keep changing songs at every crossroad.

**E.** Looking after cats is easy. They wash themselves every day and eat almost any food. Cats like to drink milk and cream. But they need to be fed on fish, beef, liver, and other kinds of meat. They need a clean, dry bed at night. You can use a basket or a cardboard box for your cat's bed. Cats like to play with a rubber ball or chase a string.

**F.** You can have a whole army of toy soldiers made of tin, wood or plastic. Some may be dressed in fancy uniforms, some may be sitting on horses. Others may be ready for battle, carrying guns and shoulder packs. You can have soldiers from other countries, or only Civil War soldiers or only modern soldiers. If you get two soldiers that are alike, trade your extra soldier with another toy soldier lover.

**G.** Even animals get involved in elections. The donkey and elephant have been political symbols in the USA for more than 100 years. Why? In 1828, Democrat Andrew Jackson ran for president. Critics said he was stubborn as a donkey. The donkey has been the symbol of the Democratic Party ever since. In the 1870s, newspaper cartoonists began using the elephant to stand for the Republican Party.

#### **Лексика и грамматика**

**Задание 2.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.



Who really discovered America?

Everybody knows that Christopher Columbus discovered America. However, America _____ after Amerigo Vespucci who explored the eastern coast of South America.	Name
Was he really the first to reach the continent? The great Norwegian explorer Thor Heyerdal believed that ancient people _____ able to build boats that could cross oceans.	Be
To test his ideas, Heyerdal decided to build a copy of an ancient Egyptian boat. On May 25, 1969 the boat called Ra _____ a port in Morocco.	Leave
On May 17, 1970 Ra with two _____ on board successfully crossed the Atlantic, proving that ancient civilizations had enough skill to reach America long before Columbus.	Seaman
<b>Labor Day</b> Labor Day is a holiday in honor of workers. On September 5, 1882 the _____ Labor Day parade was held in New York.	One
20,000 workers marched up Broadway, _____ banners "Labor creates all wealth". After the parade, there were picnics all around the city.	Carry
The next year even _____ people took part in the celebration. In 1894, Congress made it a national holiday. Today most Americans consider Labor Day the end of the summer. They enjoy the last three-day weekend on the beaches and in the parks.	Many

**Задание 3.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

The King’s New Dress

Many years ago, there was a King who spent all his time and money on dressing up. He loved riding round in his _____ garments so that everybody could see him.	EXPENSE
His wardrobes contained clothes of _____ patterns and designs.	DIFFER
One day two _____ men appeared at the palace and said they could make beautiful clothes which had magical properties.	HONEST
Only clever people would be able to see them - but they would be _____. The King thought this was an excellent opportunity to find out who was wise and who was foolish in his kingdom.	VISIBLE
The two men were given gold and silver thread and two _____	WONDER

_____ weaving machines and they started to work.	
After several weeks the King decided to send an old and honest minister, who was _____ clever and good at his job, to visit the two men. Can you guess what he saw?	CERTAIN

**Письмо**

**Задание 4.** You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend Joan who writes:

.... When I forget to take an umbrella in summer, it always rains. What’s the weather like in summer where you live? What do you usually do when it rains? How do you protect yourself from bad weather? As for the latest news, I am going to visit The USA together with my parents this summer...

Write a letter to Joan. In your letter

- answer her questions
- ask 3 questions about her trip to the USA
- . Write 100–140 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

**Самостоятельная работа № 8**  
**Тема: Искусство, музыка, литература. Образование.**

**Чтение**

**Задание 1.** Установите соответствие между текстами А–Г и заголовками 1–8. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.

1. Vandalism
2. Comfortable furniture
3. Expression of feelings
4. Missing teenager
5. Teenage addict
6. Graffiti artist
7. Judging by appearances
8. Teenager's room

A. For many young people aerosol art is just as serious as wall painting was for their prehistoric ancestors. Graffiti is very personal to the teenager who produces it. The motivation behind a piece of graffiti can be happiness or sadness, frustration or relief. For some artists graffiti is a reaction to what happens in their lives. For this reason it is an art form that is very close to the hearts of the young.

B. I am allowed to do what I like with it. I don't have a lot of space, but it is my favourite place, so I spend a lot of time there. I am the youngest in the family so I also have a lot of old toys on the shelves. I sometimes get bored with the way it is and then I do I change it round. I often move the bed and change the posters on the walls. I've asked my parents for a television but I don't think I'd get one.

C. I have been playing video games since I was ten. I am now fifteen and I can't get rid of my habit. These days I play for about twenty-five hours a week. Playing video games stops me from exercising and playing basketball and I have no time for friends. Many of the games are very violent but I don't take them seriously. They are just fun. I think the main problem with games is that they are too much fun.

D. First impressions are vital. For many employers, neat and tidy hair and smart clothes are as important as qualifications. What factors contribute to that vital first impression? It varies a lot according to our culture. For example, in the United States tall people are considered more reliable and serious in business. In many cultures physically attractive people are thought of as warmer, kinder, more sociable and even more intelligent.

E. Dean Palmer is fourteen years old. He may also use the names Dick Page or Daryl Preston. He has short fair hair and is of medium height and slim build. He wears glasses. He was last seen wearing jeans, a brown leather jacket and black trainers. If he is at your school, or has ever been admitted into the school, please telephone the police immediately.

F. I'm known as Chase. That's my tag. When I started I would go out at night with a few friends and just painted football slogans and things like that on any wall I could find. I suppose it was a way of making a statement. Eventually I got caught. I still continue to express my feeling with the help of aerosol painting, but these days I get permission first.

G. These people just want to get attention. Some people call them artists but many citizens really don't think that a scribble on the wall is art. In fact, graffiti is a serious social problem as it causes great damage. It ruins the appearance of towns and cities and cleaning it up costs a lot of money.

**Лексика и грамматика**

**Задание 2.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

<b>An old house</b>	
A man was tired of living in his old house. He decided to sell it and buy a _____ one.	GOOD
He attempted to sell it but was not successful so at last he decided to solve the problem by _____ an estate agent.	USE
The estate agent advertised the house and the owner saw a wonderful description of the house and _____ gardens. Then he said, “I can see that I like my house very much and don’t want to sell it”.	IT
<b>Isaac Newton’s dinner</b> Newton was very absent-minded. One day a gentleman came to see him but he was told that Isaac Newton _____ busy and he could see him later	BE
As it was dinner time, the visitor _____ in the dining-room to wait for the scientist	SIT
An hour passed but Newton _____, so the gentleman ate the scientist’s dinner.	NOT APPEAR
When Newton came and saw no dinner, he exclaimed, “What a strange set we scientists are! I quite forgot that I _____ my dinner already”.	EAT

**Задание 3.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

**Pronunciation is important**

Some learners of English think that pronunciation is not very important. That is _____ wrong.	ABSOLUTE
Even if you have an acceptable grasp of the English language, with good grammar and an _____ vocabulary, native English speakers may find you very difficult to understand you if you don't work on your pronunciation.	EXTEND
Correct, clear pronunciation is _____ if you really want to improve your level of English.	ESSENCE
Pay particular attention to any sounds that you are _____ with or that do not exist in your native tongue.	FAMILIAR
For example, _____ have difficulty pronouncing the “th” sound, as it does not exist in their native language.	RUSSIA
Remember that the pronunciation of certain English words varies depending on the part of the world it's spoken in. For example, American English differs _____ from British English.	GREAT

**Письмо**

**Задание 4.** You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend Bill who writes:

...I don't think it will be a problem for me to choose a good job in the future as I'm really interested in foreign languages, cultures and countries and I hope I'll work as a translator or teacher of foreign languages some day. Have you already decided on your career? What job are you going to choose? Why? What do your parents think about your choice? I've lived in the USA my whole life but I'd really love to travel to other countries...

Write a letter to Bill.

In your letter:

- answer his questions;
- ask 3 questions about his plans for travelling.
- Write 100 — 140 words.

**Самостоятельная работа № 9**

**Тема: Искусство, музыка, литература. Образование**

**Чтение**

**Задание 1.** Установите соответствие между текстами А–Г и заголовками 1–8. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.

Установите соответствие между текстами А–Г и заголовками 1–8.

Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.

**1. Getting around the city**

**2. Always in a hurry**

**3. Unknown side of the city**

**4. Winning and losing**

**5. The city of skyscrapers**

**6. For the holiday and more**

**7. Saving the variety**

**8. Nickname for a building**

A. New York is really the melting pot of the world. Over 30 percent of its residents have come from abroad. It is believed that the city has the greatest linguistic diversity on the planet. There are over 800 different languages spoken by its people. As some of these languages are nearly extinct, the City University of New York has begun a project called the Endangered Language Alliance. Its aim is to preserve rare languages like Bukhari, Vhlaski, and Ormuri.

B. New Yorkers love to think they know everything about their city: where to find the best fruit, how to avoid paying full price at museums, what route to take to avoid traffic. But New York City can reveal new treasures even to its veterans. Beyond the city where New-Yorkers work, eat, play and commute every day lies a hidden New York: mysterious, forgotten, abandoned or just overlooked. There are places about which you're not likely to read in any guidebook.

C. The Chrysler Building was in a race with the Bank of Manhattan for getting the title of the tallest skyscraper in the world. The Bank was likely to triumph, with its height of 282 meters. But the spire of the Chrysler Building was constructed in secret inside the tower. Just one week after the Bank of Manhattan was finished, it was put in place, making it 318 meters tall and beating the Bank. It wouldn't keep this title for long: one year later the Empire State Building was erected.

D. The Flatiron Building was constructed between 1901 and 1903 at the intersection of Broadway and Fifth Avenue. It was designed by Chicago's Daniel Burnham as a steel-frame skyscraper covered with white terra-cotta. Built as the headquarters of the Fuller Construction company, the skyscraper was meant to be named Fuller Building. But locals soon started calling it "Flatiron" because of its unusual shape. The name stuck and soon became official.

E. How does Rockefeller Center manage to find the perfect fur-tree each Christmas season? They do aerial searches by helicopter, of course, and bring it to the city during the night when there isn't much traffic on the streets. After the tree is taken down for the year, it continues to be useful. For example, in 2005 Habitat for Humanity used the wood to make doorframes for houses for the poor and in 2012 the paper was used to publish a book.

F. In New York life never stands still. People have to call cabs, ride subway cars, do business of all kinds, eat pizzas and sandwiches for lunch. When you multiply that by more than eight million people in less than 500 square miles, you get the idea: everyone goes everywhere as fast as it is humanly possible. Whatever you do, don't stop in the middle of the sidewalk or you'll make everyone around you incredibly angry.

G. New York is extremely easy to navigate. Manhattan is divided into numbered streets from north to south and avenues from east to west. It's almost impossible to get lost there. Buses are useful to travel around Manhattan, and the subway is the best means of transport to the other parts of the city. At some stage you'll definitely use a yellow taxi. Try to get one on an avenue that's going in the same direction you are – you'll save time and money. And don't forget to leave a tip for the driver.

**Лексика и грамматика**

**Задание 2.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

**The name of Alaska**

Do you know the origin of the place name Alaska? The name Alaska comes from the Aleut word alaxsxaq, _____ “an object toward which the action of the sea is directed” – that is, the mainland.	MEAN
It is also known as Alyeska, the “great land”, an Aleut word _____ from the same root. Its nicknames are the Land of the Midnight Sun and America’s Last Frontier. Its first nicknames were “Seward’s folly” and “Seward’s icebox” to laugh at the secretary of state who negotiated the purchase of Alaska from Russia, which _____ foolish at the time.	FORM CONSIDER
<b>A landmark for the new millennium</b> Have you seen the photos of the London Eye? The London Eye is a giant observation wheel _____ in the Jubilee Gardens on the South Bank of the river Thames.	LOCATE
The structure _____ by the architectural team of David Marks and Julia Barfield, husband and wife.	DESIGN
They submitted their idea for a large observation wheel as part of a None of the entrants _____ the competition.	WIN
However, the couple pressed on and eventually got the backing of British Airways, who sponsored _____ pro-	THEY

ject.	
-------	--

**Задание 3.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

**Washington National Cathedral**

Washington National Cathedral is a dramatic Gothic building. It is so _____ that it is considered to be one of the greatest architectural treasures of the world.	BEAUTY
There are various excursions to the cathedral. The best idea is to go online to check the guides’ schedules as they _____ in different aspects of the building’s history.	SPECIAL
It took 82 years to build the cathedral – Theodore Roosevelt laid the cornerstone in 1908, and the cathedral’s _____ didn’t technically stop until 1990.	CONSTRUCT
The cathedral provoked strong opposition early on, but later the numerous _____ calmed down.	ARGUE
It is great to have a walk around the cathedral along the _____ paths in the garden.	PEACE
The 2011 earthquake caused an estimated \$26 million in damages to the cathedral. Repairs are underway, but nevertheless, _____ still have full access to the key areas of interest inside the cathedral.	VISIT

**Письмо**

**Задание 4. You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend Nina who writes:**

...I’m going to do a project on reading in different countries. Could you help me? Do young people read as much as old people in your country? Do you prefer to read E-books or traditional books? Why? How much time do you and your friends spend reading daily? As for the latest news, this month I'm working as a baby-sitter for my neighbours...

- answer her questions;
- ask 3 questions about her experience as a baby-sitter
- Write 100-140 words....

Remember the rules of letter writing.



### Самостоятельная работа № 10

**Задание 1.** Установите соответствие между текстами А–Г и заголовками 1–8. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.

- 1. For adventurous skiers**
- 2. Especially good in autumn**
- 3. For the rich and lazy**
- 4. Not just for gamblers**
- 5. Like an island in heaven**
- 6. Film-makers like it**
- 7. Looking down from up there**
- 8. Probably the best one of five**

A. If you go to the Insular Mountain Range of Vancouver Island and face the open Pacific Ocean, be ready to experience the magnificent natural and cultural heritage of Canada's west coast. If you decide to go deeper into the island, you will find a lush coastal rainforest that gives way to bountiful and diverse intertidal and sub-tidal areas. And to top it all off, there are breathtaking beaches that make this an island paradise.

B. The resort town of Whistler is about a two-hour drive from Vancouver. Whistler offers visitors fine food and spas, but mostly it is popular among tourists for the opportunities it offers for adventure. Whistler and Blackcomb Mountains make Whistler one of the best destinations in the world for first-class skiing. The passage between the two mountains creates a unique terrain one mile above the village, providing a year-round skiable territory.

C. A prized national treasure, Banff National Park is one of five national parks in the Canadian Rocky Mountains. It attracts millions of visitors each year for camping, hiking, biking, skiing, fishing or just relaxing. A full range of accommodation, restaurants and shops can be found in the resort. Two of the most famous and historic Canadian hotels, the Fairmont Banff Springs and the Chateau Lake Louise, are located in these towns as well.

D. Niagara Falls is maybe the most famous in the world, attracting millions of tourists each year. However, it has a certain reputation for being partly a small-scale Las Vegas and a theme park, because in addition to Niagara Falls the tourists can visit a casino resort with fine hotels and restaurants. Although this area is improving very quickly and everyone can easily find what they like, the Niagara region as a whole is worth deeper exploration.

E. Tourists are naturally drawn to tall buildings where they can get a bird's eye view of a city. The CN tower, located in downtown Toronto, is the tallest free standing structure in the world. Unfortunately, elevated observation usually comes at an equally elevated price, and the CN Tower is no different. However, tourists

love it and the glass elevator takes them to the glass-floored outdoor observation deck which is a real thrill for both kids and grownups.

F. The 300 km long Cabot Trail is famous for its panorama views of the Atlantic Ocean. The trail is especially popular in the fall when the views are the most spectacular. Even though the drive into this area usually takes a few hours, once there, tourists can spend a day or two stopping in at one or two of the towns along the trail, relaxing and enjoying the magnificent nature all around.

G. By North American standards, Vancouver is a young city. But what it lacks in history it compensates for with its unique blend of urban and natural features. Thanks to its high- fashion boutiques, it has earned the nickname “North Hollywood.” Vancouver’s breathtaking views are often chosen as the setting for popular television shows and major motion pictures. Often tourists are surprised to recognize landmarks from their favorite films and shows.

**Лексика и грамматика**

**Задание 2.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

**Where did the Olympic Games come from?**

There are many different stories about the beginning of the Olympics. One myth says that Zeus himself started the Games. Athletic games _____ as an important part of many religious festivals in ancient Greek culture.	HOLD
Spectators _____ to watch the games also enjoyed the beauty of architecture and landscape.	COME
Olympia was one of the oldest religious centers in the ancient Greek world. The _____ sight at Olympia was the gold and ivory statue of Zeus.	IMPRESSIVE
The statue was one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World. This explains why Olympia _____ as the site for the most important athletic competition.	CHOOSE
Some athletes travelled hundreds of miles, from colonies. These colonies were as far away as modern Spain, Egypt, Ukraine and Turkey. Any free-born Greek (a man or a boy) _____ take part in the Olympics.	CAN
_____ did not compete, they were also barred from attending the games, under penalty of death. Unmarried girls were allowed to attend.	WOMAN

Unlike the modern Olympics, judges _____ from all over the world, but were from Elis, the local region which included Olympia.	NOT COME
--	----------

**Задание 3.** Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

Arbor Day and Earth Day	
The first Arbor Day took place in April, 1872 in Nebraska. It was the brainchild of Julius Sterling Morton (1832-1902), a Nebraska journalist and _____ originally from Michigan	POLITICS
When he became a member of Nebraska's state board of agriculture, he proposed that to set a special day dedicated to tree planting. Nebraska's first Arbor Day was an _____ success. More than one million trees were planted.	AMAZE
On April 22, 1970, Arbor Day activities were modified to emphasize the critical _____ of the environment.	IM-PORTANT
It was a time when cities were buried under their own smog and _____ rivers caught fire. Earth Day was created to remind people of their responsibility.	POLLUTE
Now Earth Day is celebrated _____ around the globe. to protect the planet	ANNUAL
What started as a day of national environmental recognition has evolved into a worldwide campaign to protect our _____ environment.	GLOBE

**Письмо**

**Задание 4.** You have received a letter from your English pen friend Jane who writes:

... So you see that I enjoy films based on true historic facts. What kinds of films do you like watching? Do you prefer watching films in the cinema or at home? Why? Do you agree that it is better to read a book before watching the film based on it? Why or why not? I've just come back from a trip to England...

Write a letter to Jane. In your letter:

- answer her questions;
- ask 3 questions about her trip to England.

Write 100–140 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

**Приложение 1**  
**Рекомендации по выполнению заданий**

**ЧТЕНИЕ**

Раздел «Чтение» включает в себя задание, которое проверяет понимание основного содержания текста. Даются 8 заголовков и 7 текстов.

**Задание 1.** Установите соответствие между текстами А–Г и заголовками 1–8. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.

Под установлением соответствий подразумевается подбор подходящих заголовков к каждому тексту. Это задание проверяет умение понимать основную идею (содержание) каждого текста, отделять главное от второстепенного, игнорировать избыточную информацию и незнакомые слова, не мешающие пониманию основного содержания.

Для успешного выполнения задания предлагаем вам следующим алгоритм действия:

- Прочитайте заголовки (темы или краткие утверждения) и определите: что в них общего и чем они отличаются друг от друга: проблемой, отношением к проблеме и т.д. В процессе ознакомления с заголовками целесообразно подчеркнуть в них ключевые слова или сделать другие пометки. Глядя на заголовки, попытайтесь предугадать основное содержание текста, подобрать слова/словосочетания, которые необходимы для раскрытия данной темы/ проблемы/ ситуации.
- Просмотрите каждый текст, игнорируя незнакомые слова и выражения, с тем, чтобы понять его основную идею. По мере прочтения каждого текста отмечайте все возможные варианты ответа рядом с текстом, помечая заголовок в списке как использованный. При возникших затруднениях с определением соответствия текста заголовку (теме, краткому утверждению), прочтите текст еще раз и попытайтесь сформулировать его основную идею самостоятельно, затем выберите наиболее близкий вариант по содержанию из оставшихся и отметьте его. Если текст кажется совсем непонятным, отложите его.
- Подбрав заголовки к другим текстам и действуя методом исключения, у вас останется два заголовка и один текст — шансов даже просто угадать уже гораздо больше.
- Вернитесь к тем текстам, где изначально были выбраны несколько возможных соответствий. Продумайте и обоснуйте самому себе выбор того или иного соответствия с опорой на текст. Проверьте правильность других выбранных соответствий.

- Убедитесь, что вы не использовали одну и ту же букву дважды. Удостоверьтесь, что оставшийся заголовок не подходит ни к одному тексту. Запишите окончательный вариант ответа в таблицу после задания.

Итак, читаем тексты и определяем основную мысль каждого из них. Выделяем ключевые слова и выражения в заголовках. Соотносим заголовки с текстами, находя синонимичные слова и фразы в тексте и заголовках.

### **Грамматика и лексика**

Раздел «Грамматика и лексика» включает в себя 2 задания. Задание № 2 (максимальный балл — 7 баллов) проверяют навыки образования грамматических форм, задание № 3 (максимальный балл — 6 баллов) тестируют навыки словообразования.

**Задание 2.** Прочитайте приведенные ниже тексты. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

Это задание проверяет знание грамматики английского языка. Обратим внимание на те части речи, которые необходимо трансформировать. Важно, что при изменении формы слова часть речи не изменяется! Справа от текста могут быть даны любые из шести частей речи. Это имя существительное, наречие, количественное числительное, личное местоимение и глагол. При выполнении этого задания необходимо учитывать, какие грамматические формы имеют данные части речи.

Имя существительное единственного числа принимает форму множественного числа (здесь необходимо, помимо общего правила образования множественного числа существительных, вспомнить все исключения и особенности правописания форм множественного числа существительных).

Количественное числительное становится порядковым числительным (обратите внимание на сложные случаи образования и написания некоторых числительных).

Имя прилагательное и наречие имеют сравнительную или превосходную степени (здесь также есть некоторые случаи, которые надо помнить).

Личное местоимение может превратиться в притяжательное (краткая или полная формы), объектное или возвратное.

Что касается глагола, помните, что он может стоять в личной и неличной форме (например, в виде Present Participle или Past Participle).

Если глагол должен быть употреблен в личной форме, то надо определить, в каком залоге должен стоять глагол (действительном или страдательном) и в каком грамматическом времени. Для правильного определения грамматического времени, надо, во-первых, определить в каком бытийном (жизненном) времени представлено предложение или ситуация. Для этого мы, смотря на глаголы вокруг пропуска и другие указатели времени, определяем, относится ли повествование к настоящему, прошедшему или будущему.

Определив время, мы должны определить временную форму. Для этого мы ищем в предложении слова-подсказки или индикаторы грамматических времен (например, every day, usually — индикаторы Present Simple, since, for, yet — индикаторы Present Perfect. Также часто помогает линия времени, которая наглядно показывает, какая существует последовательность между действиями и событиями.

Кроме того, глагол может являться частью условного предложения (есть четыре, начиная с нулевого, типа условных предложений, в каждом из которых глаголы стоят в определенных формах) или предложения, начинающегося с I wish или If only. Не забудьте также обратить внимание на те слова, которые стоят непосредственно перед пропуском — не забывайте, что есть ряд глаголов, прилагательных, фраз и конструкций, после которых необходимо употребление инфинитива с частичкой или без частички to или герундия (например, fancy going, want to go, make symbol do smith, Thank you for...).

**Задание 3.** Прочитайте приведенный ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, однокоренные слова, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами.

В этой части проверяются навыки словообразования. Залогом успеха при выполнении этого задания являются два фактора-правильное определе-

ние части речи, которую необходимо вставить вместо пропуска, и знание словообразующих суффиксов и приставок. Читаем текст, обращая внимание на слова перед пропусками и следующие за ним. Определяем пропущенную часть речи.

### **Письмо**

#### **Задание 4. Раздел 4 «Письмо»**

Начните письмо с написания адреса и даты:

Moscow, Russia

17.04.17.

Приветствие:

Dear Stuart, (можно без запятой)

Thank you for your letter. I was very happy to hear from you again. Спасибо за письмо. Мне было приятно получить от тебя весточку.

Второй абзац: In your letter you asked me some questions about ... and now I'm ready to answer them. В письме ты спрашиваешь меня о ... и я готов тебе ответить.

Ответ на второй вопрос можно предварить вводным словом, например, As for... Что касается ..., и отвечаем на второй вопрос.

Можно начать третий абзац заранее заготовленной фразой: Now I want to ask you some questions about .... А можно просто использовать союз by the way (кстати) перед первым вопросом. Например, By the way, where is the camp located? Теперь приступаем к вопросам.

Заканчиваем письмо стандартными фразами:

Write back soon. Best wishes, Misha

**Основная литература:**

1. Г.Т. Безкоровайная Planet of English: учебник английского языка для учреждений НПО и СПО. - М.: Издательский центр «Академия», 2019.